151. (Amended) A synchronous memory device including an array of memory cells, the synchronous memory device comprises:

clock receiver circuitry to receive an external clock signal;

input receiver circuitry to sample a first operation code in response to a rising edge transition of the external clock signal;

a programmable register to store a value which is representative of an amount of time to transpire before the memory device outputs data, wherein the memory device stores the value in the programmable register in response to the first operation code; and

output driver circuitry to output data in response to a second operation code, wherein the data is output after the amount of time transpires, and wherein:

the output driver circuitry outputs a first portion of the data synchronously with respect to a rising edge transition of the external clock signal and outputs a second portion of the data synchronously with respect to a falling edge transition of the external clock signal.

152. The memory device of claim 151 wherein the first operation code is included in a control register access packet.

153. The memory device of claim 152 wherein the first operation code and the value are included in the same control register access packet.

154. (Amended) The memory device of claim 151 wherein the memory device is a synchronous dynamic random access memory.

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1   155. (Amended) The memory device of claim 151 wherein the
2   input receiver circuitry receives the second operation code and
3   address information.

1   156. (Amended) The memory device of claim 155 wherein the
2   input receiver circuitry receives the second operation code and the
3   address information on consecutive clock cycles of the external
4   clock signal.

1   157. (Amended) The memory device of claim 151 wherein the
2   amount of time is a number of clock cycles of the external clock
3   signal.

1   158. The memory device of claim 151 wherein the input receiver
2   circuitry receives a third operation code, wherein the third
3   operation code initiates a write operation in the memory device.

1   159. (Amended) The memory device of claim 158 wherein the
2   input receiver circuitry receives the third operation code and
3   address information.

1   160. (Amended) The memory device of claim 151 further
2   including delay lock loop circuitry coupled to the clock receiver
3   circuitry to generate a first internal clock signal, wherein the
4   data is output in response to the first internal clock signal.

1   161. The memory device of claim 151 wherein the output driver
2   circuitry outputs the data onto a bus.

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1   162. (Amended) The memory device of claim 161 wherein the bus

2   includes a set of signal lines to carry multiplexed address

3   information, data and control information.

1   163. (Amended) A method of operation of a synchronous memory

2   device, wherein the memory device includes an array of memory cells

3   and a programmable register, the method of operation of the memory

4   device comprises:

5   sampling a first operation code synchronously with respect to

6   an external clock signal;

7   receiving a binary value which is representative of an amount

8   of time to transpire before the memory device outputs data in

9   response to a second operation code wherein the memory device

10   stores the binary value in the programmable register in response to

11   the first operation code;

12   sampling the second operation code; and

13   outputting the data after the amount of time transpires,

14   wherein a first portion of the data is output synchronously with

15   respect to a first transition of the external clock signal and a

16   second portion of the data is output synchronously with respect to

17   a second transition of the external clock signal.

1   164. The method of claim 163 wherein the second operation code

2   is sampled synchronously with respect to the external clock signal.

1   165. The method of claim 163 wherein the binary value is

2   representative of a number of clock cycles of the external clock

3   signal.

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1   166. The method of claim 165 further including:

2   receiving block size information wherein the block size

3   information defines an amount of data to be output in response to

4   the second operation code, wherein the memory device outputs the

5   amount of data after the number of clock cycles of the external

6   clock signal transpire.

1   167. The method of claim 163 further including Sampling ~~receiving~~

2   address information synchronously with respect to the external

3   clock signal.

1   168. The method of claim 163 wherein the address information

2   and the second operation code are included in a read request

3   packet.

1   169. The method of claim 163 further including receiving

2   precharge information.

1   170. The method of claim 169 wherein the precharge information

2   includes a binary bit, wherein, after accessing the data from the

3   array of memory cells, the memory device retains contents of a

4   plurality of sense amplifiers for a subsequent memory operation as

5   a result of a first state of the binary bit.

1   171. The method of claim 163 wherein the first transition of

2   the external clock signal is a rising edge transition and the

3   second transition of the external clock signal is a falling edge

4   transition.

1   172. The method of claim 171 wherein the first and second

2   transitions of the external clock signal are consecutive

3   transitions of the external clock signal.

1   173. The method of claim 163 wherein the first operation code

2   is sampled during an initialization sequence after power is applied

3   to the memory device.

1   174. (Amended) The method of claim 163 wherein the memory

2   device outputs the data onto an external bus.

1   175. (Amended) The method of claim 174 wherein the external

2   bus includes a set of signal lines to carry multiplexed address

3   information, data and control information.

1   176. (Amended) A method of controlling a synchronous memory

2   device by a memory controller, wherein the memory device includes

3   an array of memory cells and a programmable register, the method of

4   controlling the memory device comprises:

5   providing a first operation code to the memory device, wherein

6   the first operation code initiates an access of the programmable

7   register in the memory device in order to store a binary value;

8   providing the binary value to the memory device, wherein the

9   memory device stores the binary value in the programmable register

10   in response to the first operation code;

11   providing a second operation code to the memory device,

12   wherein the second operation code instructs the memory device to

13   accept data that is issued by the memory controller;

14   providing a first portion of the data to the memory device in

15   response to a rising edge transition of the external clock signal;

16   and

17   providing a second portion of the data to the memory device in

18   response to a falling edge transition of the external clock signal.

1   177. (Amended) The method of claim 176 wherein the binary

2   value is representative of a delay time to transpire before the

3   memory device samples the data, and wherein the first portion of

4   the data is provided to the memory device after the delay time

5   transpires.

178. (Amended) The method of claim 176 wherein the binary value is representative of a number of clock cycles of the external clock signal to transpire before the memory device samples the data, and wherein the first portion of the data is provided to the memory device after the delay time transpires.

179. (Amended) The method of claim 176 wherein the binary value is representative of a delay time to transpire before the memory device outputs data in response to an operation code which instructs the memory device to output data.

180. The method of claim 176 further including:

providing block size information to the memory device, wherein the block size information defines an amount of data to be accepted by the memory device in response to the second operation code.

181. The method of claim 176 further including providing address information to the memory device.

182. The method of claim 181 wherein the address information and the second operation code are included in a write request packet.

183. (Amended) The method of claim 176 wherein the first operation code and the data are provided to the memory device via an external bus.

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1   184. (Amended) The method of claim 183 wherein the external

2   bus includes a set of signal lines used to carry multiplexed

3   address information, the data and control information.

C\ 1   185. The method of claim 176 wherein the second operation code

2   includes precharge information.

1   186. (Amended) A synchronous memory device, wherein the memory

2   device includes an array of memory cells, the memory device

3   comprises:

4   input receiver circuitry to sample a first operation code in

5   response to a first transition of an external clock signal;

6   a programmable register to store a binary value in response to

7   the first operation code, wherein the binary value is

8   representative of an amount of time to transpire before the memory

9   device outputs data; and

10   output driver circuitry to output data in response to a second

11   operation code and after the amount of time transpires, wherein a

12   first portion of the data is output in response to a second

13   transition of the external clock signal and a second portion of the

14   data is output in response to a third transition of the external

15   clock signal.

1   187. The memory device of claim 186 wherein the binary value

2   is representative of a number of clock cycles of the external clock

3   signal.

1   188. (Amended) The memory device of claim 186 wherein the

2   second transition of the external clock signal is a rising edge

3   transition and the third transition of the external clock signal is

4   a falling edge transition.

1   189. (Amended) The memory device of claim 188 wherein the

·2   second and third transitions of the external clock signal are

3   consecutive transitions.

1   190. The memory device of claim 189 wherein the first

2   operation code and the binary value are included in a packet.

1   191. The memory device of claim 190 wherein the first

2   operation code and the binary value are included in the same

3   packet.

1   192. (Amended) The memory device of claim 186 further

2   including delay lock loop circuitry to generate a first internal

3   clock signal, wherein the data is output in response to the first

4   internal clock signal.

1   193. (Amended) The memory device of claim 186 wherein the

2   input receiver circuitry receives address information.

1   194. (Amended) The memory device of claim 186 wherein the

2   output driver circuitry outputs the data onto an external bus

3   having a set of signal lines used to carry multiplexed address

4   information, the data and control information.

1   195. The memory device of claim 194 wherein the input receiver

2   circuitry samples the first operation code from the external bus.

1   196. The memory device of claim 186 wherein the output driver

2   circuitry and the input receiver circuitry are connected to a

3   common pad.

1   197. (Amended) The memory device of claim 186 wherein the

2   memory device is a synchronous dynamic random access memory.